

Storage

How to store data on the client



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Sync / Async

Synchronous APIs

Blocks the thread

Easy to use

Just ordinary
functions!

Asynchronous APIs

Non blocking

Uses callbacks or promises

Adds complexity

For everything that
can take “time”

Callback Pattern APIs

```
myCallbackAPIv1.get('resource', (error, result) => {  
  if (error) {  
    // Handle error  
  }  
  // Work with result  
})
```

```
let connection = myCallbackAPIv2.get('resource')  
  
connection.addEventListener('error', (event) => {  
  // Handle errors  
})  
  
connection.addEventListener('success', (event) => {  
  // Handle result  
})
```

Promisified APIs

```
myPromiseAPI.get('resource').then( (result) => {  
  // Work with the result  
}).catch(error => {  
  // Handle the error  
})
```

```
try {  
  let result = await myPromiseAPI.get('resource')  
} catch (error) {  
  // Handle the error  
}
```

in an async context

Lagen om elektronisk kommunikation

Uppgifter får lagras i eller hämtas från en abonnents eller användares terminalutrustning endast om abonnenten eller användaren får tillgång till information om ändamålet med behandlingen och samtycker till den. Detta hindrar inte sådan lagring eller åtkomst som behövs för att överföra ett elektroniskt meddelande via ett elektroniskt kommunikationsnät eller som är nödvändig för att tillhandahålla en tjänst som användaren eller abonnenten uttryckligen har begärt.

/Lagen om elektronisk kommunikation Kap 6, 18



“Cookielagen”

How to store data?

Persistent*

Non-persistent

Non-volatile

Volatile

Cookies

Webstorage –
Local Storage

Webstorage –
Session Storage

IndexedDB

Cache API

File System Access API

** Persistent data in the user browser is always somewhat volatile since the user at any time can switch browser or clear the stored data.*

Same Origin

`https://gitlab.lnu.se:443`

scheme
(protocol)

host name

port

Origin: scheme + host name + port

Site: ~ host name

Cookies

Application		Filter ☐ Only show cookies with an issue									
Manifest		Name	Value	Do...	Path	Exp...	Size	Http...	Sec...	Sa...	Prio...
Service Workers		_gat	1	.Inu...	/	202...	5				Me..
Clear storage		_scid	2b39d68d-7585-4fa9-a17f...	.Inu...	/	202...	41		✓	Lax	Me..
Storage		CONSENT	YES+SE.sv+20151113-21-1	.go...	/	203...	30		✓	None	Me..
Local Storage		_ga	GA1.2.479145377.159786...	.Inu...	/	202...	29				Me..
Session Storage		1P_JAR	2020-10-26-07	.go...	/	202...	19		✓	None	Me..
IndexedDB		ANID	AHWqTUKwa1fx5vQ5WH...	.go...	/	202...	68	✓	✓	None	Me..
Web SQL		__utmz	76804746.1604404485.89...	.Inu...	/	202...	96				Me..
Cookies		1P_JAR	2020-11-15-17	.go...	/	202...	19		✓	None	Me..
https://Inu.se		NID	204=F82EyXEP9xy9yunJl...	.go...	/	202...	241	✓	✓	None	Me..
		CookiePolicyAccepted	true	Inu.se	/	202...	24				Me..

```
console.log(document.cookie) // "gID=132446fdgv24rsdf233rdsf3f32r1d"
```

```
document.cookie = "name=Johan"
```

```
console.log(document.cookie) // "gID=132446fdgv24rsdf233rdsf3f32r1d; name=Johan"
```

- Often used to keep a session against the server
- Use max 4096 bytes per cookie (RFC6265)
- No more than 50 cookies per domain. (RFC6265)

Web Storage

Synchronous API ⚠
2 -10 MB
Not accessible via Workers

setItem, getItem, removeItem

```
function populateStorage() {  
  window.localStorage.setItem('bgcolor', document.getElementById('bgcolor').value)  
  window.localStorage.setItem('font', document.getElementById('font').value)  
  window.localStorage.setItem('image', document.getElementById('image').value)  
  
  setStyles()  
}
```

```
function setStyles() {  
  let currentColor = window.localStorage.getItem('bgcolor')  
  let currentFont = window.localStorage.getItem('font')  
  let currentImage = window.localStorage.getItem('image')  
  ...
```

What happens if two apps on the same origin uses the key 'image'?

Application		Filter
 Manifest  Service Workers  Clear storage	Key	Value
	bgcolor	FF0000
	image	images/tortoise.png
Storage	font	'Bitter', serif
▼ Local Storage		
https://riksdagen.se		
▶ Session Storage		

JSON in storage

```
const style = {  
  bgcolor: document.getElementById('bgcolor').value,  
  font: document.getElementById('font').value,  
  image: document.getElementById('image').value  
}  
  
window.localStorage.setItem('myapp-style', JSON.stringify(style))  
  
...  
  
style = JSON.parse(window.localStorage.getItem('myapp-style'))
```

Application	Filter	
	Key	Value
 Manifest	myapp-style	{"bgcolor":"FF0000","font":"'Bitter', serif","image":"images/tortoise.png"}
 Service Workers		
 Clear storage		
Storage		
▼  Local Storage		
 https://riksdagen.se		
▶  Session Storage		

What happens if the user opens two browser instances at the same time?

IndexedDB

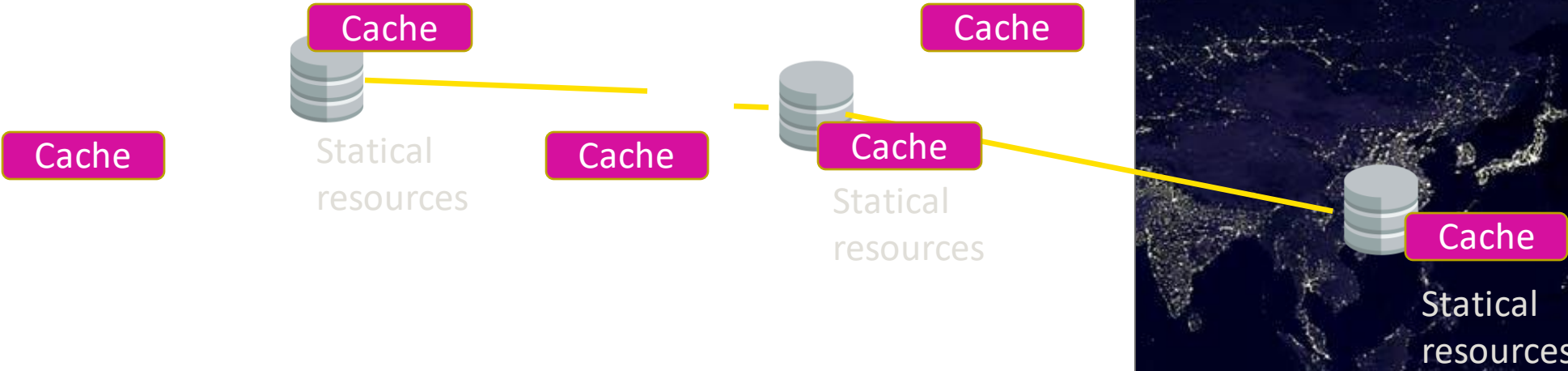
Asynchronous API (callbacks)
1GB – 60% of available disc space
Accessible via Workers

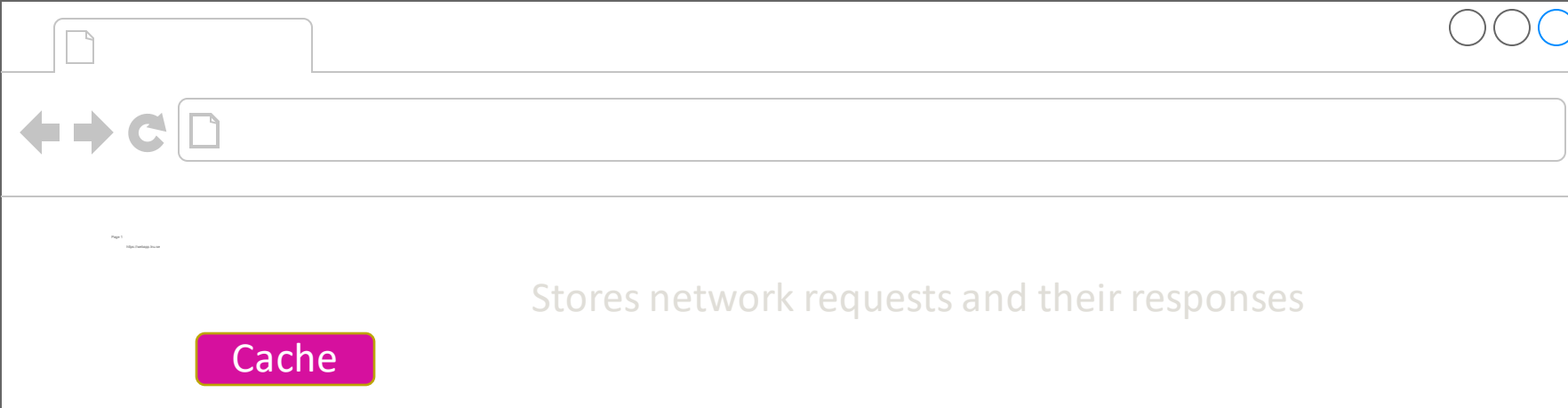


- IndexedDB databases store key-value pairs.
- IndexedDB is object-oriented.
- The IndexedDB API is mostly asynchronous.
- IndexedDB uses a lot of requests.
- IndexedDB does not use Structured Query Language (SQL).
- IndexedDB uses DOM events to notify you when results are available.
- IndexedDB adheres to a same-origin policy.
- IndexedDB is built on a transactional database model.

ACID

- Atomic
 - *All or nothing*
- Consistent
 - *Follow the rules of the DB*
- Isolated
 - *Do not affect other transactions*
- Durable
 - *Written to permanent storage*





```
const cache = await caches.open('my-cache') // Create and opens a cache

await cache.add('/images/flower.png') // Add to the cache

...

const response = await cache.match('/images/flower.png') // Find in the cache

...

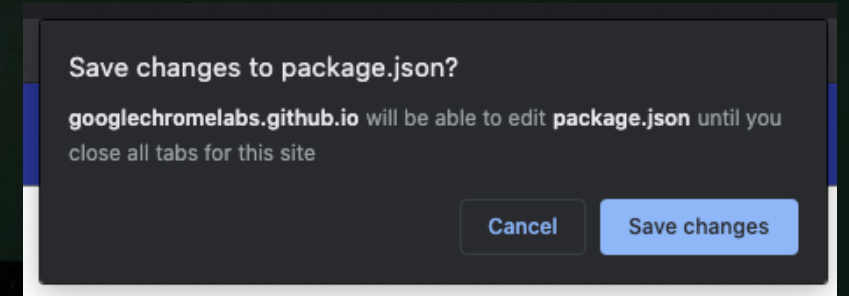
await cache.delete('/images/flower.png') // Delete from the cache
```

File System Access API

```
let fileHandle
butOpenFile.addListener('click', async () => {
  [fileHandle] = await window.showOpenFilePicker()
  const file = await fileHandle.getFile()
  const contents = await file.text()
  textArea.value = contents
})
```

Need a secure context and need to be called from within a user gesture.

<https://web.dev/file-system-access/>

[illegible]

Storage Manager API

Asynchronous API (promises)
Accessible via Workers

- ✓ DOMException “QuotaExceededError”

```
navigator.storage.estimate().then(est => { console.log(est.quota)})
```

```
navigator.storage.estimate().then(est => { console.log(est.quota/1073741824 + 'GB')})
```

```
navigator.storage.estimate().then(est => { console.log(est.usage + ' %')})
```

Application Storage Section in the browser

The screenshot shows the browser's Application Storage section. The left sidebar lists various storage types: Manifest, Service Workers, Clear storage, Local Storage, Session Storage, IndexedDB, Web SQL, Cookies, and Cache. The right pane displays a table of storage items for the selected site, https://developer.mozilla.org.

Application

- Manifest PWA
- Service Workers PWA
- Clear storage

Storage

- Local Storage
 - https://developer.mozilla.org**
- Session Storage
 - https://developer.mozilla.org
- IndexedDB
- ~~Web SQL~~
- Cookies
 - https://developer.mozilla.org

Cache

- Cache Storage
- ~~Application Cache~~

Table of Storage Items:

Key	Value
banner.mdn_browser_compat_report.embargoed_until	1601732872476
banner.developer_needs.embargoed_until	1604666658021

