

Textures

How to add detail to a surface...



Gives fine details to our otherwise flat polygons.

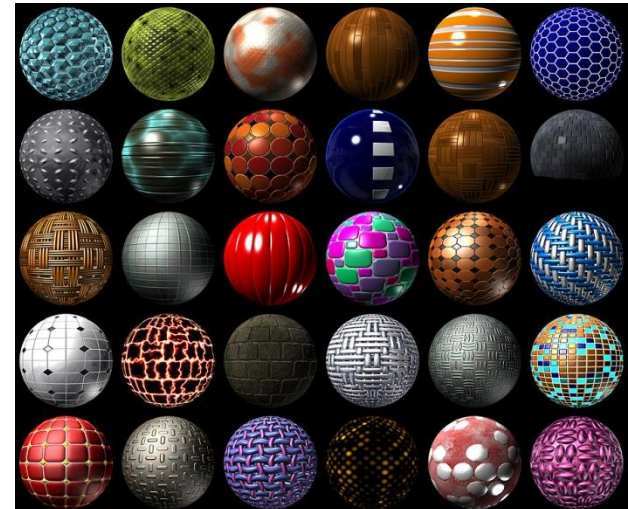
Can be used for visualizing complex
objects
Without needing to model them with
triangles.

A sky can be applied as a texture to a
sphere
and will look good.



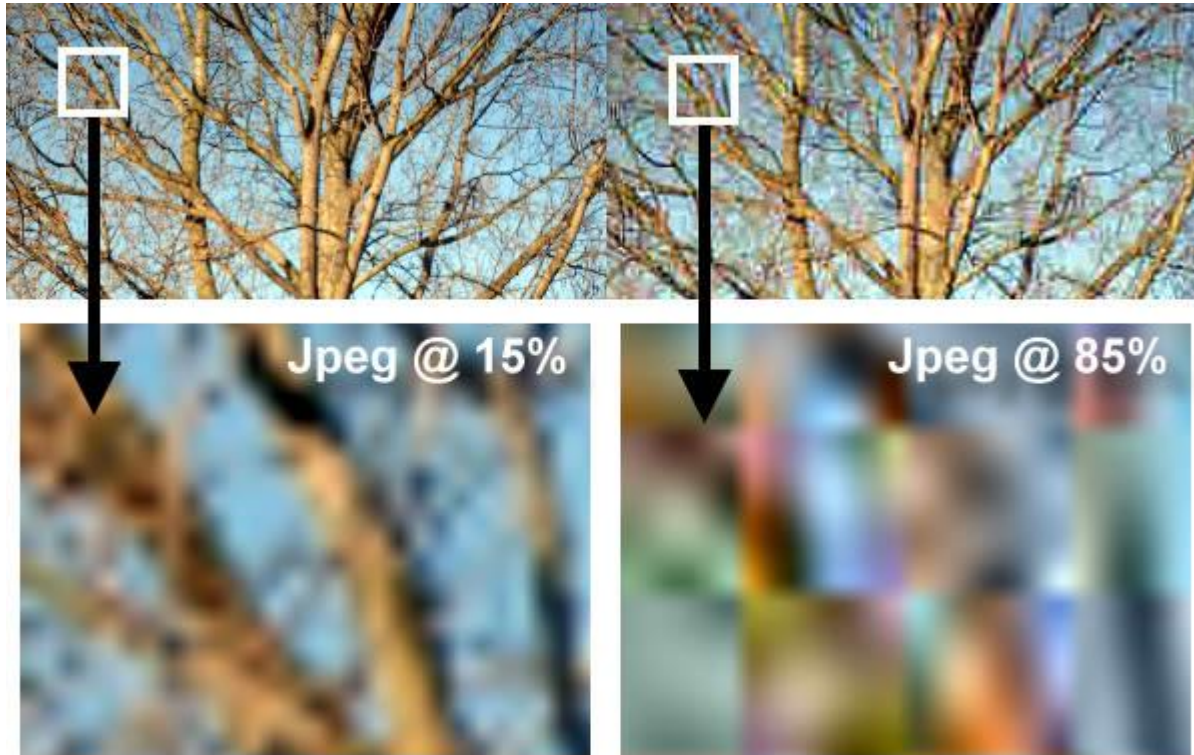
Texture sources

- Stored images
 - BMP,JPG,PNG,GIF....
 - Raster/Vector (SVG)
- Procedural textures
 - Created by mathematical equation.
 - Works great on modern shader hardware.



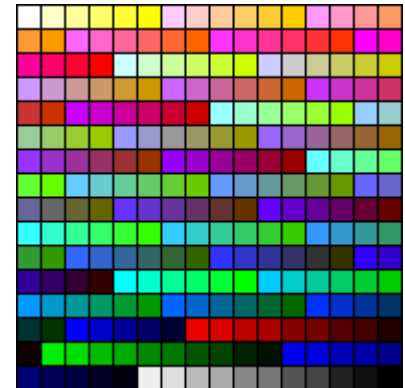
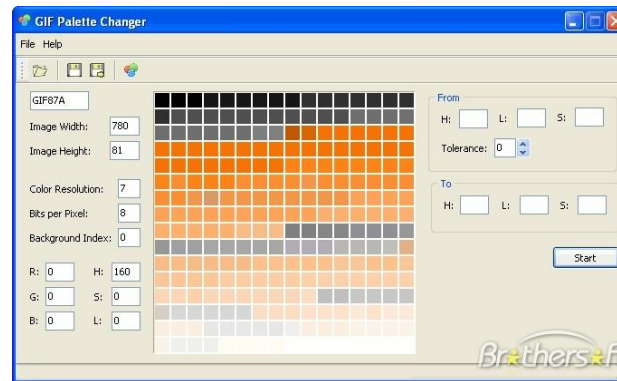
Raster formats

- Compressed – Non compressed (BMP)
- Lossless (PNG) – Lossy (JPEG)



Palette format

- Gif images
- 256-color palette



Original



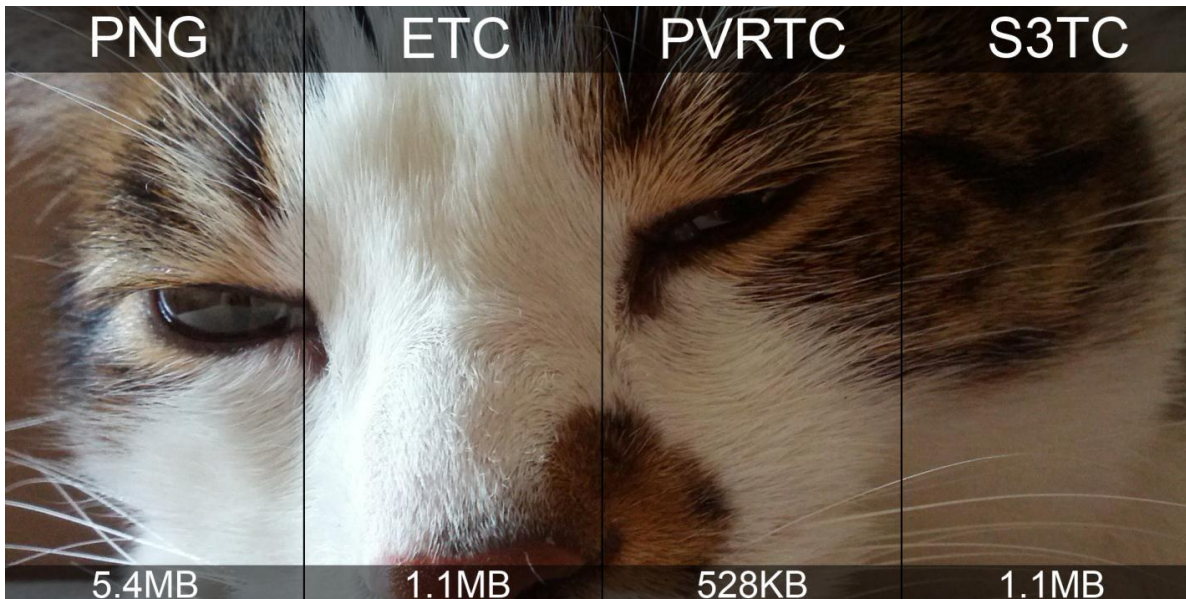
GIF (256 colours)



GIF zoom

OpenGL image formats

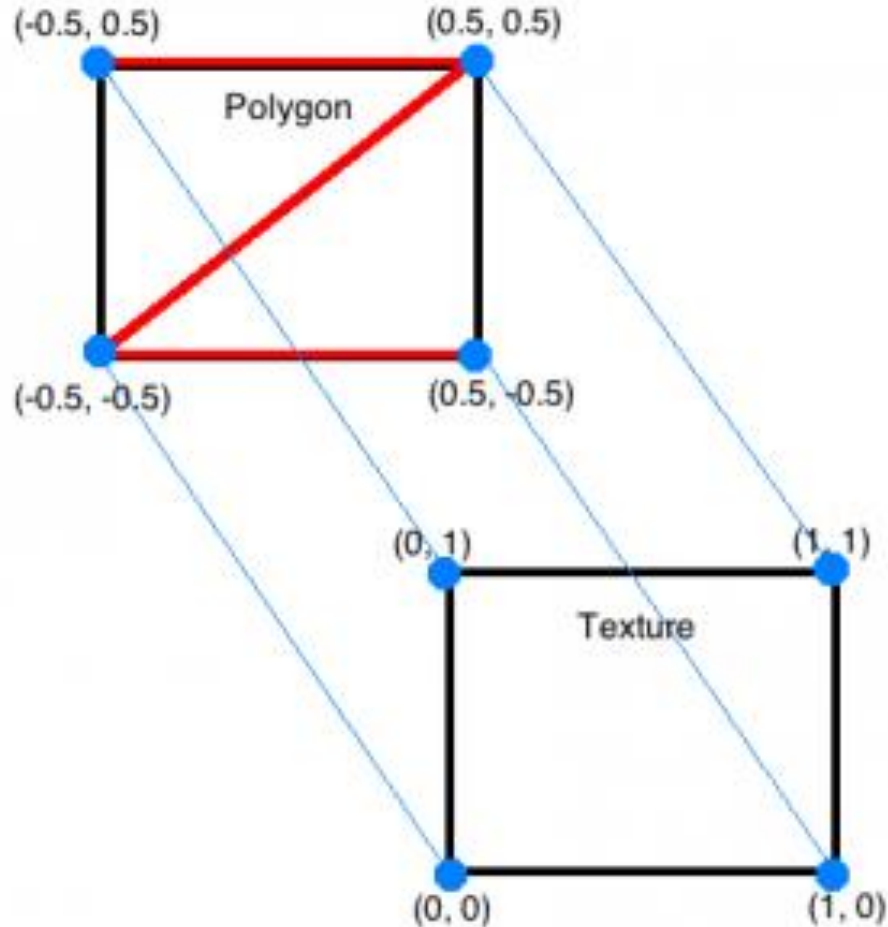
- Textures are unpacked to BMP-byte array
- Alternative, compressed textures.
- ETC,PVRTC, S3TC



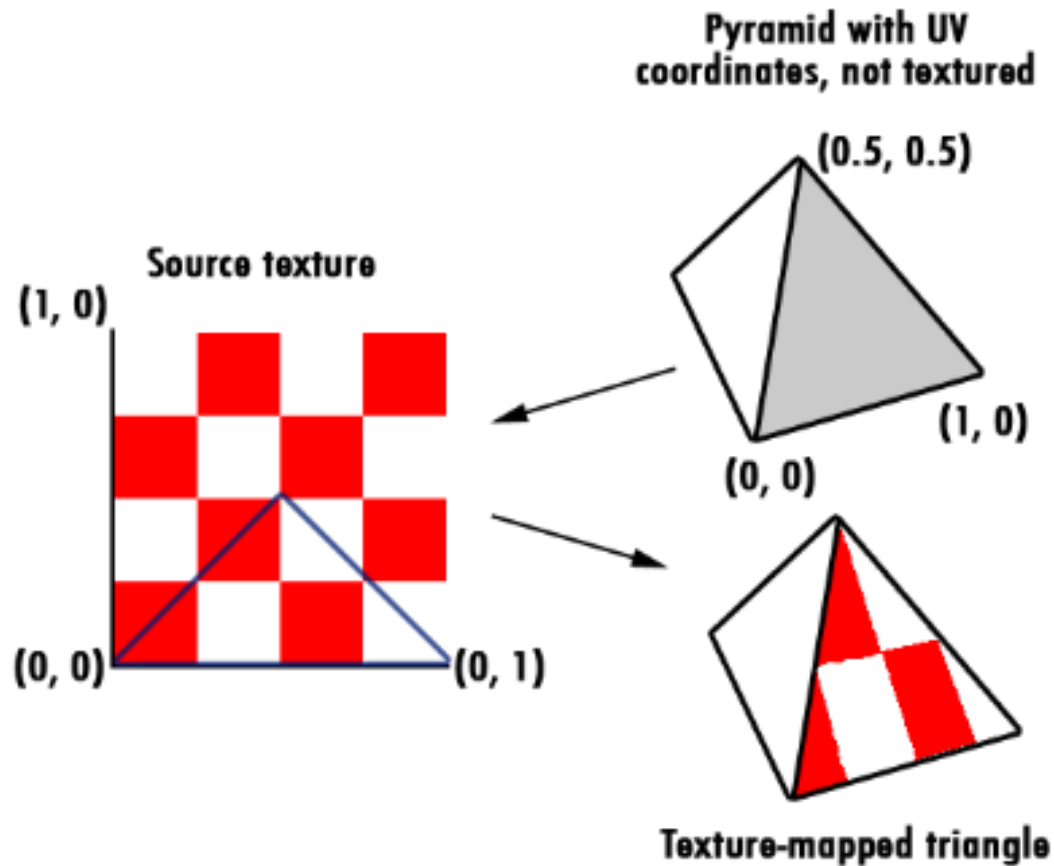
Compressed Textures

- ETC - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ericsson_Texture_Compression
- S3TC - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/S3_Texture_Compression
- 3Dc - <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/3Dc> (for normal maps)
- http://www.opengl.org/wiki/Image_Format#Compressed_formats

Texture Coordinates

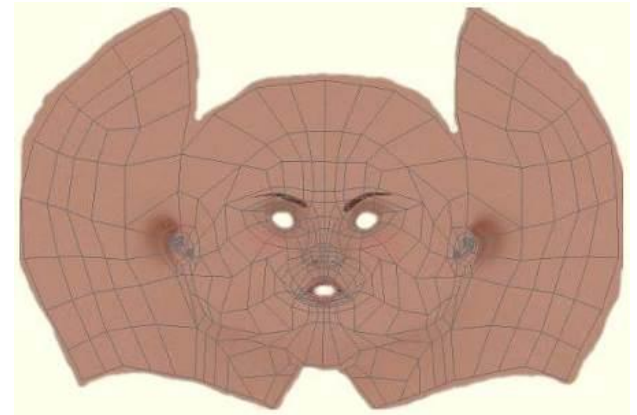
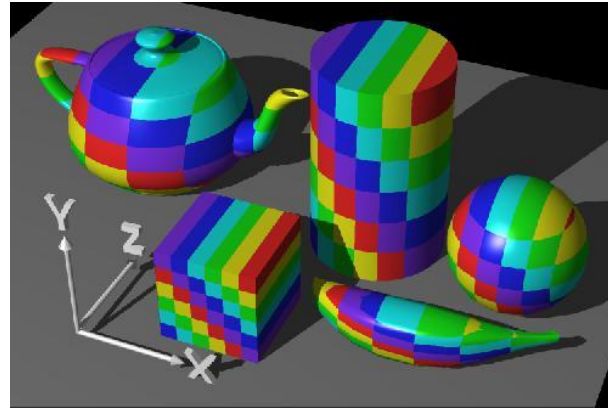
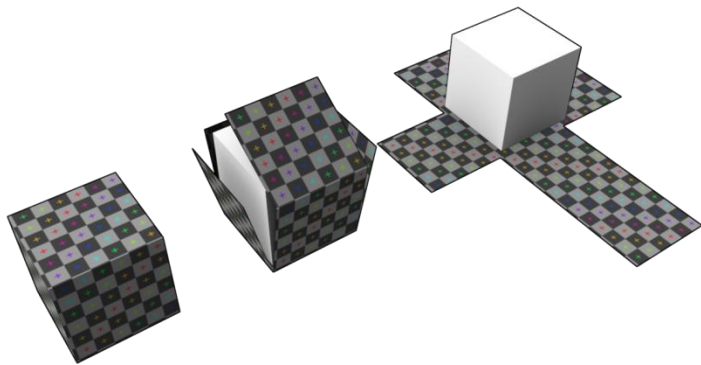


Texture Coordinates

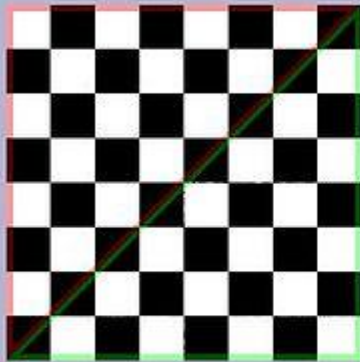


More Complex Texture Coordinates

UVW mapping, going from 2D to 3D.



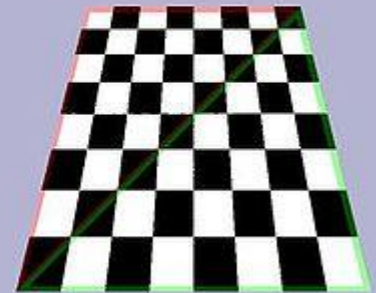
Texture coords interpolation



Flat



Affine



Correct

Affine texture mapping directly interpolates a texture coordinate u_α between two endpoints u_0 and u_1 :

$$u_\alpha = (1 - \alpha)u_0 + \alpha u_1 \text{ where } 0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$$

Perspective correct mapping interpolates after dividing by depth z , then uses its interpolated reciprocal to recover the correct coordinate:

$$u_\alpha = \frac{(1 - \alpha)\frac{u_0}{z_0} + \alpha\frac{u_1}{z_1}}{(1 - \alpha)\frac{1}{z_0} + \alpha\frac{1}{z_1}}$$

All modern 3D graphics hardware implements perspective correct texturing.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Texture_mapping

Drawing triangle with texture coordinates.

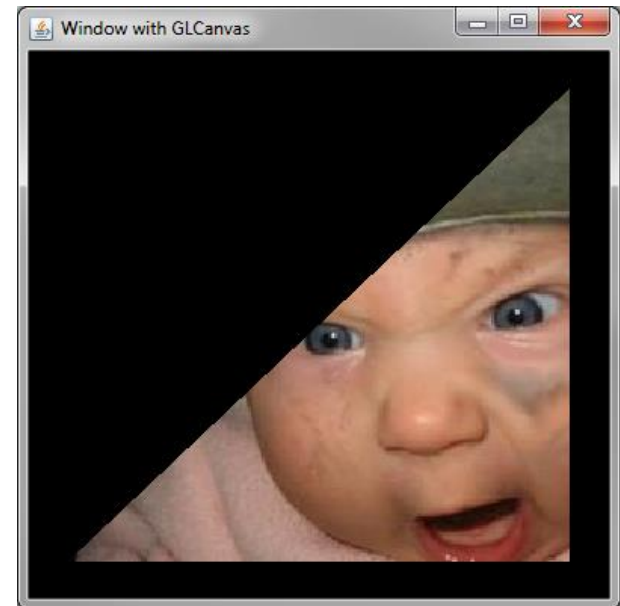
```
FloatBuffer vBuffer = Buffers.newDirectFloatBuffer(9);  
vBuffer.put(-0.5f).put(-0.5f).put(0.0f);  
vBuffer.put(+0.5f).put(-0.5f).put(0.0f);  
vBuffer.put(+0.5f).put(+0.5f).put(0.0f);  
vBuffer.flip();
```

```
FloatBuffer tBuffer = Buffers.newDirectFloatBuffer(6);  
tBuffer.put(0.0f).put(1.0f);  
tBuffer.put(1.0f).put(1.0f);  
tBuffer.put(1.0f).put(0.0f);  
tBuffer.flip();
```

```
gl.glEnableClientState(GL2.GL_VERTEX_ARRAY);  
gl.glEnableClientState(GL2.GL_TEXTURE_COORD_ARRAY);
```

```
gl.glTexCoordPointer(2, GL2.GL_FLOAT, 8, tBuffer);  
gl.glVertexPointer(3, GL2.GL_FLOAT, 12, vBuffer);  
gl.glDrawArrays(GL2.GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
```

```
gl.glDisableClientState(GL2.GL_TEXTURE_COORD_ARRAY);  
gl.glDisableClientState(GL2.GL_VERTEX_ARRAY);
```



Loading texture Jogl way

```
BufferedImage img = null;
```

```
try {
```

```
    img = ImageIO.read(new File("textur.jpg"));
```

```
} catch (IOException e) {
```

```
}
```

```
Texture texture = AWTTextureIO.newTexture(drawable.getGLProfile(), img, true);
```

```
texture.enable(gl);
```

```
texture.bind(gl);
```

```
gl.glTexParameterf(GL.GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL.GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER,  
GL.GL_LINEAR_MIPMAP_LINEAR);
```

```
gl.glTexParameterf(GL.GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL.GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER,  
GL.GL_NEAREST);
```

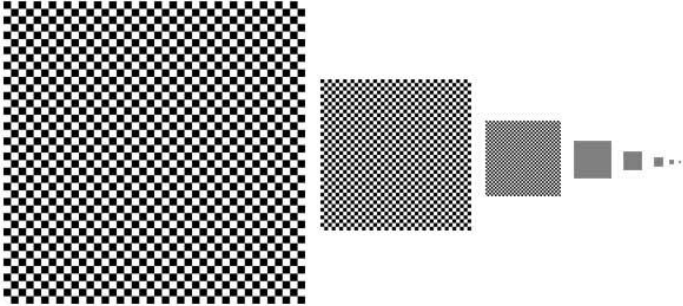

Loading bytearray directly to OpenGL

```
IntBuffer textureIDList = Buffers.newDirectIntBuffer(1);  
    gl.glGenTextures(1, textureIDList);  
    gl.glBindTexture(GL.GL_TEXTURE_2D,  
textureIDList.get(0));
```

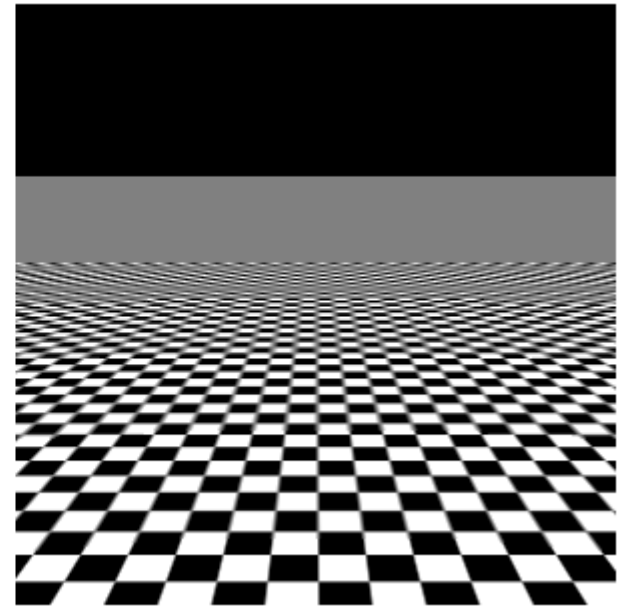
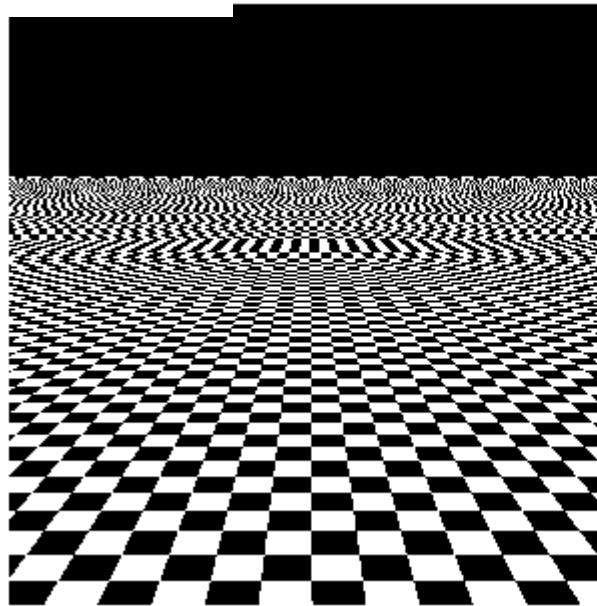
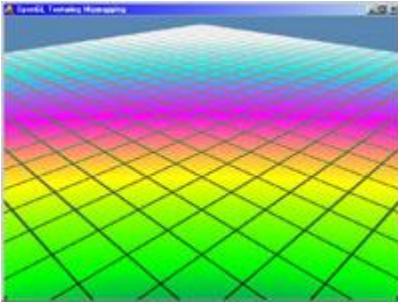
//Load image in some way

```
gl.glTexImage2D(GL.GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, GL.GL_RGBA,  
img.getWidth(), img.getHeight(), 0, GL.GL_RGBA,  
GL.GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, imageBytearray);
```

Mipmapping



Store precomputed images of half the size
until
Reaching 1x1 pixel. Memory increase only
33%.



Texture filter combination

Filter Combination (MAG_FILTER/MIN_FILTER)	Bilinear Filtering (Near)	Bilinear Filtering (Far)	Mipmapping
GL_NEAREST / GL_NEAREST_MIPMAP_NEAREST	Off	Off	Standard
GL_NEAREST / GL_LINEAR_MIPMAP_NEAREST	Off	On	Standard
GL_NEAREST / GL_NEAREST_MIPMAP_LINEAR	Off	Off	Use trilinear filtering
GL_NEAREST / GL_LINEAR_MIPMAP_LINEAR	Off	On	Use trilinear filtering
GL_NEAREST / GL_NEAREST	Off	Off	None
GL_NEAREST / GL_LINEAR	Off	On	None
GL_LINEAR / GL_NEAREST_MIPMAP_NEAREST	On	Off	Standard
GL_LINEAR / GL_LINEAR_MIPMAP_NEAREST	On	On	Standard
GL_LINEAR / GL_NEAREST_MIPMAP_LINEAR	On	Off	Use trilinear filtering
GL_LINEAR / GL_LINEAR_MIPMAP_LINEAR	On	On	Use trilinear filtering
GL_LINEAR / GL_NEAREST	On	Off	None
GL_LINEAR / GL_LINEAR	On	On	None

<http://gregs-blog.com/2008/01/17/opengl-texture-filter-parameters-explained/>